

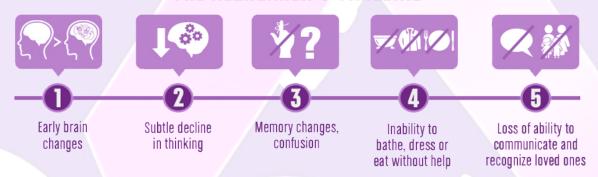


Risk Factors



- ✓ Alzheimers disease (AD) is a progressive disease it begins slowly, over time symptoms get worse, usually begins after age 65.
- ✓ On average a person with Alzheimer's lives four to eight years after diagnosis, but can live as long as 20 years.
- ✓ It is important to note that AD is not a normal part of aging, and it is important to look for signs that might indicate AD versus basic forgetfulness or other conditions.
- ✓ With Alzheimer's disease, these symptoms gradually increase and become more persistent.

THE ALZHEIMER'S TIMELINE



1 in 3 seniors dies with Alzheimers or another dementia



More than

5million Americans are
—living with Alzheimer's—



Alzheimer's Disease is the **6th leading** cause of death in the U.S



Every 65 seconds, someone in the U.S develops Alzheimer's

Help is available: call the 24/7 hotline at 1(800) 272-3900

Alzheimer's Association

By: Zenab Muzaffar PharmD. candidate 2020 References: Alzheimer's Foundation of America Alzheimer's Association

Principles of care

- ✓ Consider vision, hearing, or sensory impairments
- ✓ Find optimal level of autonomy and adjust expectations for pain performance over time
- ✓ Avoid confrontation. Remain calm, firm, and supportive if the patient becomes upset
- ✓ Maintain a consistent, structured environment with stimulation level appropriate to the individual patient
- ✓ Provide frequent reminders, explanations, and orientation cues
- ✓ Reduce choices, keep requests and demands of the patient simple, and avoid complex tasks

Alzheimer's treatment cannot stop

Alzheimer's from progressing but can
temporarily slow the worsening of
symptoms and improve quality of life

Prescription medications

- ✓ Donepezil
- ✓ Rivastigmine
- **✓** Galantamine
- ✓ Memantine

Natural Supplements

- √ Vitamin E
- √ Gingko Biloba
- √ Huperzine A
- ✓ Polyphenols

Consult with your doctor before starting any supplements

